

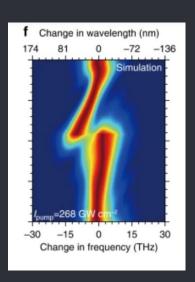
Romain Tirole
Imperial College London
CLEO EU 2023

Imperial College London



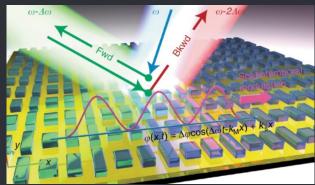
Waves in time-varying media

Waves in time-varying media



Zhou et al. (2020) Nat. Comm.

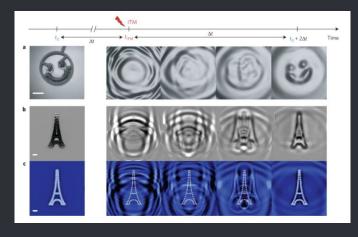
Frequency control Time refraction



Guo et al. (2019) Light Sci. App.

Nonreciprocal devices

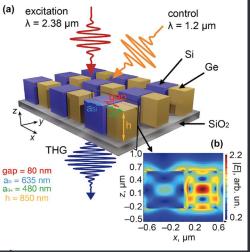
Bacot et al. (2016) Nat. Physics



Time reversal

Shafirin et al. (2022) Nanophotonics

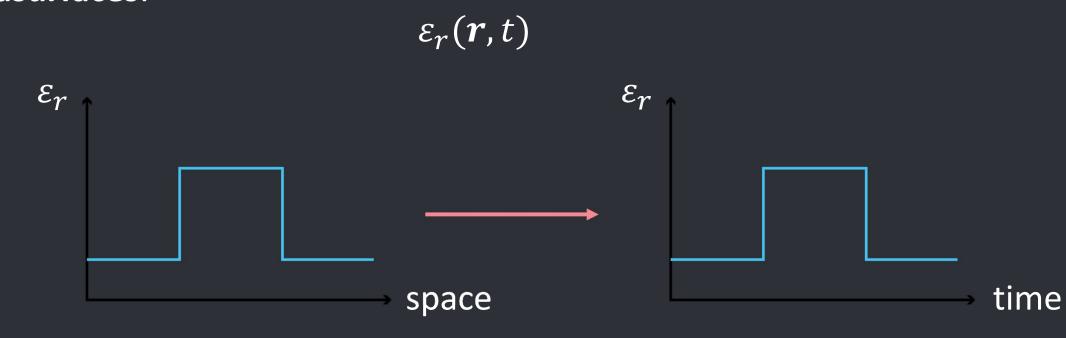
Reconfigurable antennas



Boyd, Faccio, Hendry, Fan, Shcherbakov, Diaz-Rubio, Caglayan, Fink, Fort, Shalaev, Boltasseva, Daraio, Nassar, Li, Engheta, Atwater and others...

Towards spacetime metamaterials

Moving on from purely spatial structures to **time-structured metasurfaces**:



e.g. refraction:
$$k_2 = \frac{n_2}{n_1} k_1$$
 \longrightarrow $\omega_2 = \frac{n_1}{n_2} \omega$

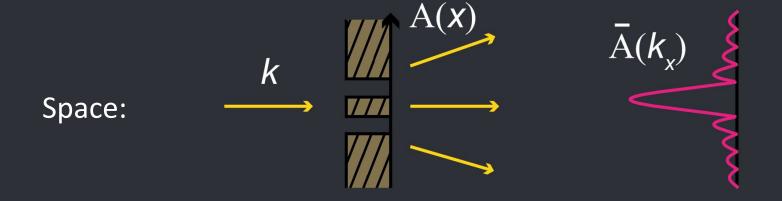
Towards spacetime metamaterials

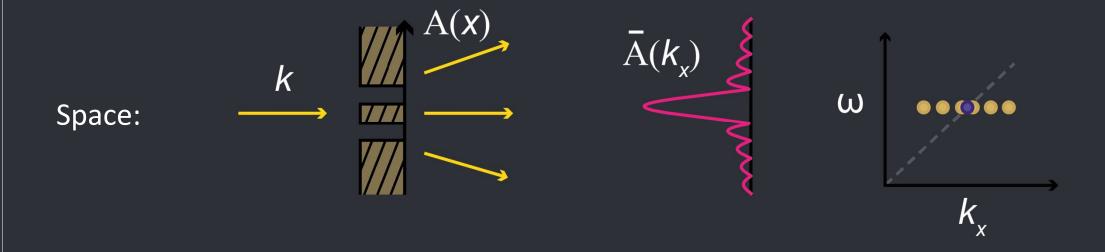
Moving on from purely spatial structures to time-structured metasurfaces:

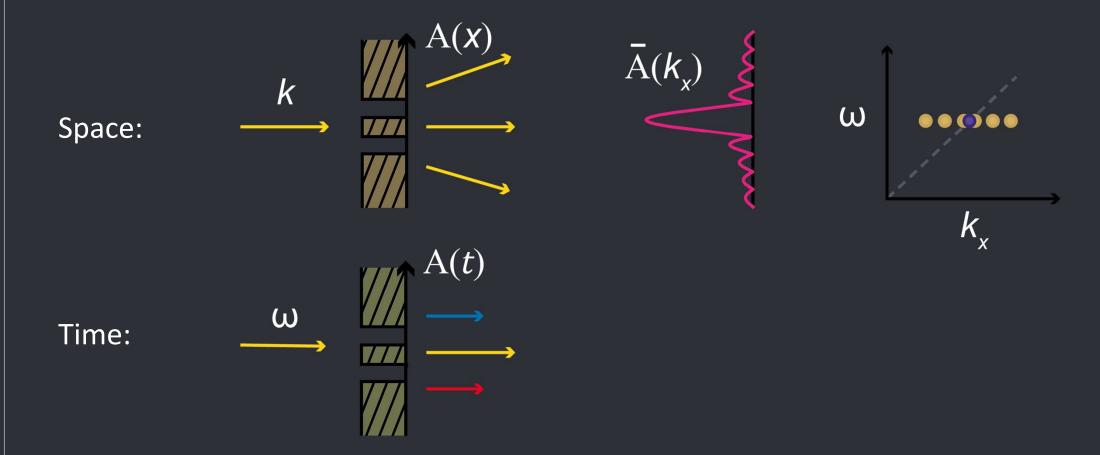
t = -25 fs, n = 1n(t) n_1 n_2 time

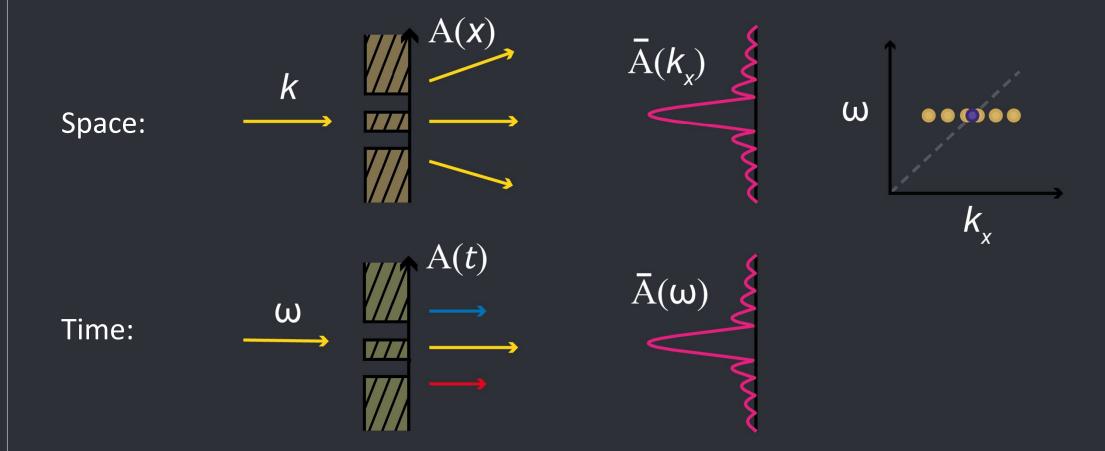


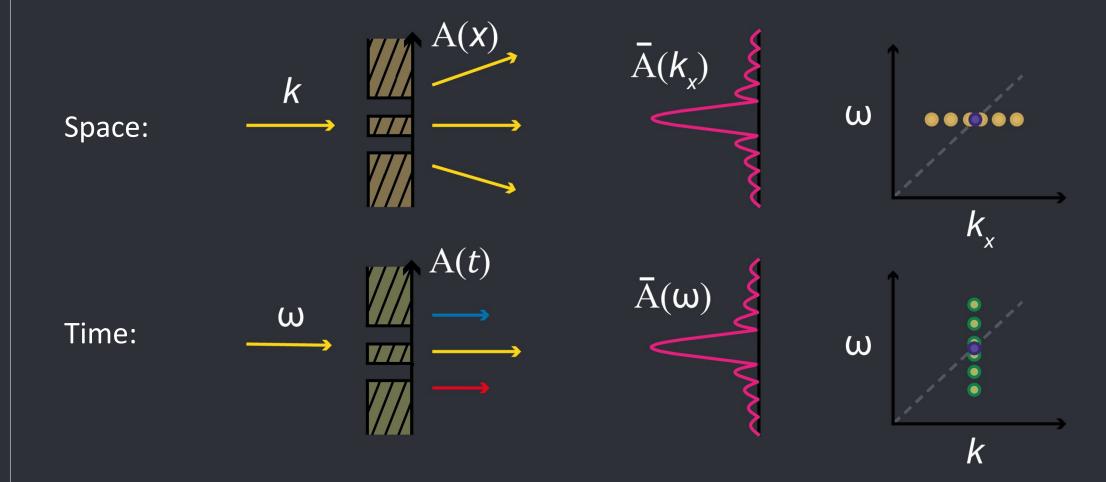


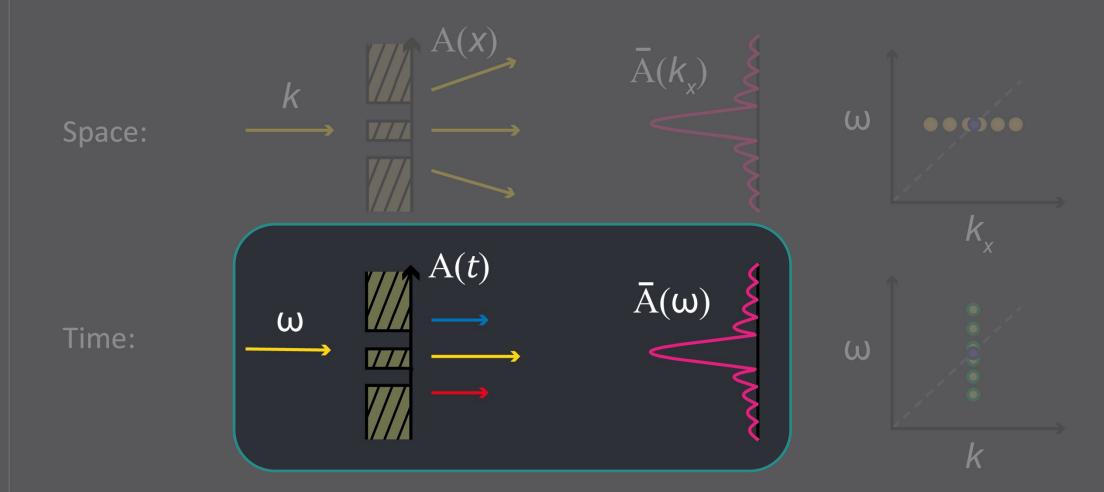










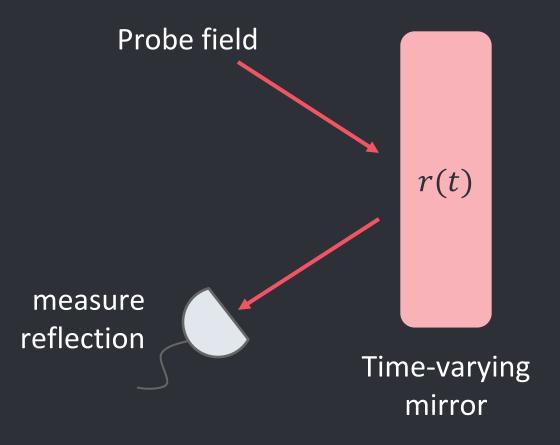




Tirole et al., "Saturable Time Varying Mirror Based on an Epsilon-Near-Zero Material", Physical Review Applied (2022)

aperture = reflectivity





aperture = reflectivity

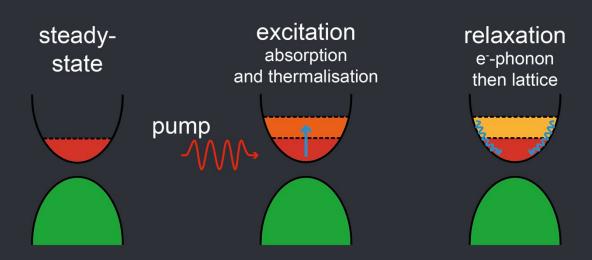


- Amplitude: large change of permittivity of ITO in near-infrared [1]
- Speed: nonlinear optics with short pulses drive material at fast scale

Alam et al., "Large optical nonlinearity of indium tin oxide in its epsilon-near-zero region", Science (2016)

aperture = reflectivity

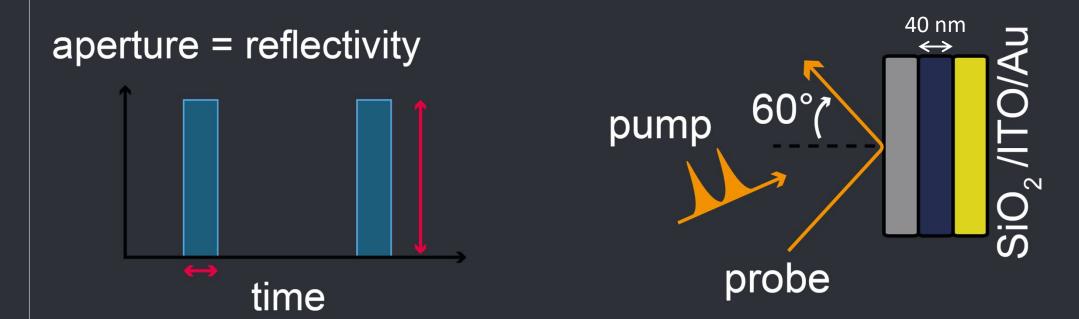
time



Non parabolicity of the band ⇒ **redshift** of the **permittivity**

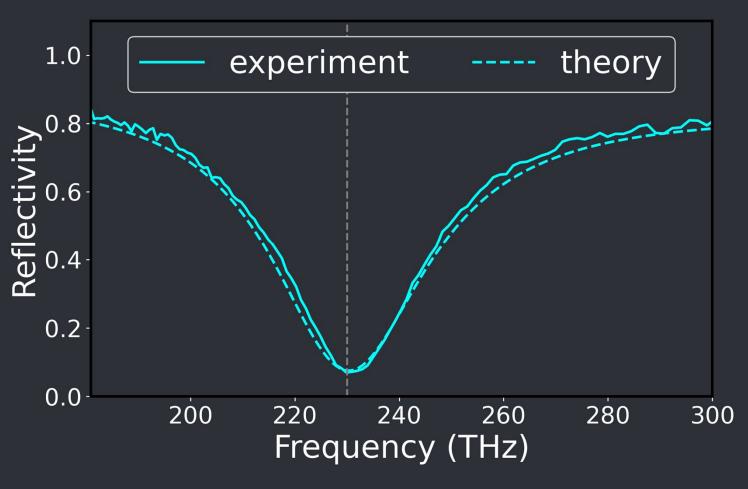
- Amplitude: large change of permittivity of ITO in near-infrared [1]
- Speed: nonlinear optics with short pulses drive material at fast scale

Alam et al., "Large optical nonlinearity of indium tin oxide in its epsilon-near-zero region", Science (2016)

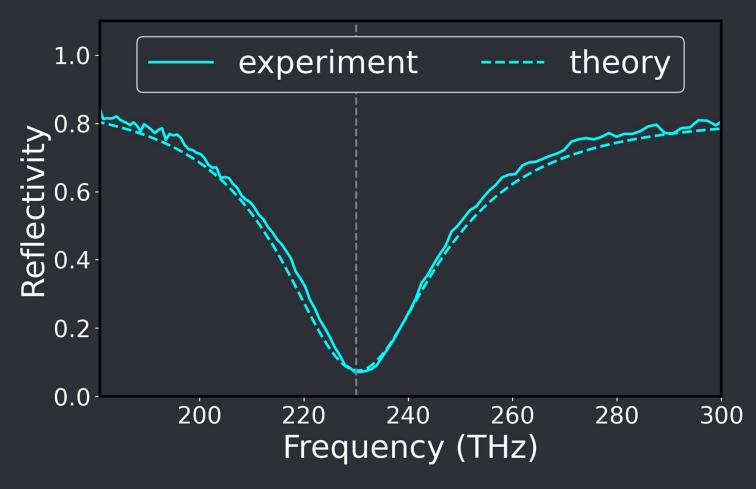


- Amplitude: large change of permittivity of ITO in near-infrared [1]
- Speed: nonlinear optics with short pulses drive material at fast scale

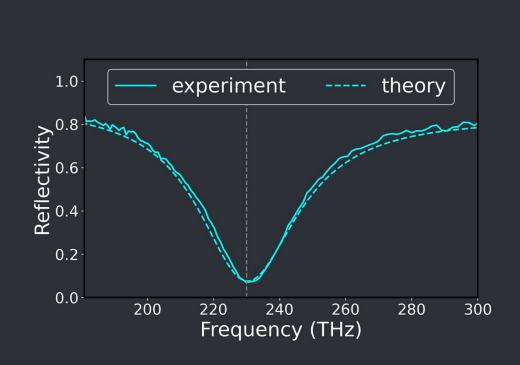
Alam et al., "Large optical nonlinearity of indium tin oxide in its epsilon-near-zero region", Science (2016)

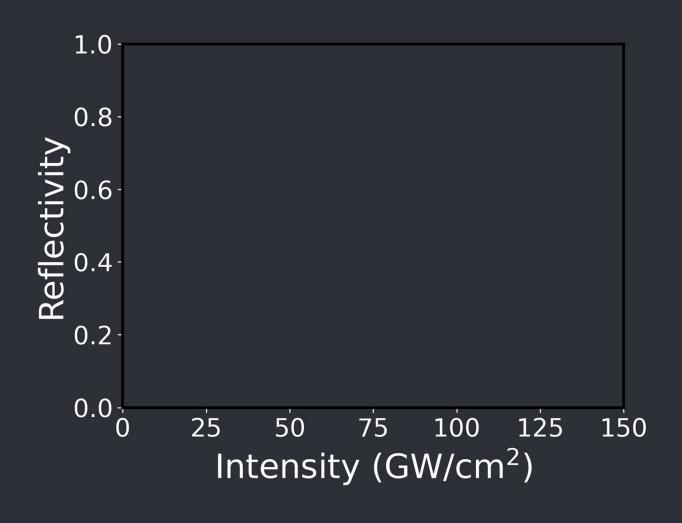


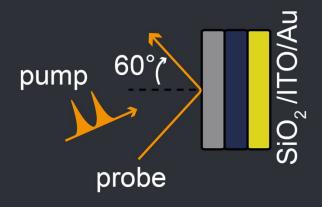
Exploit resonance at 230 THz / 1300 nm



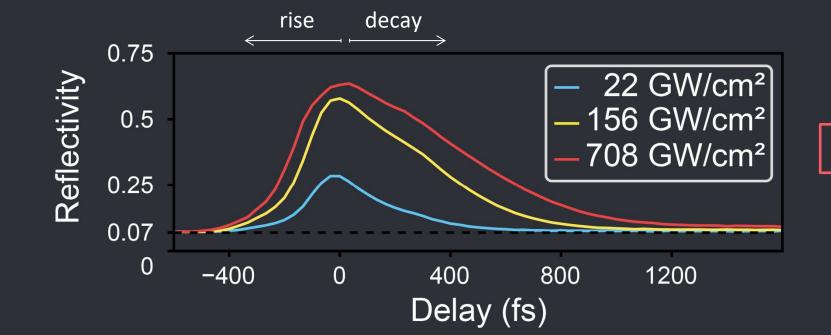
Exploit resonance at 230 THz / 1300 nm



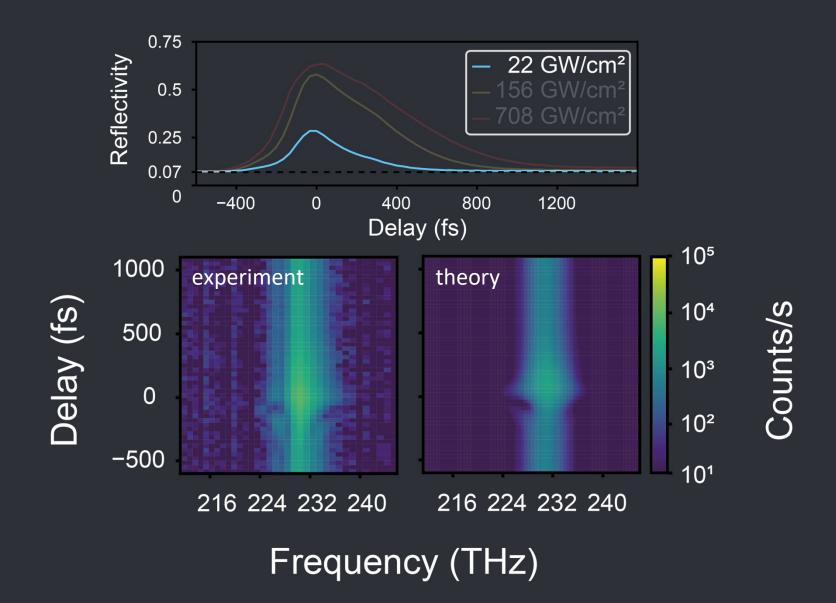


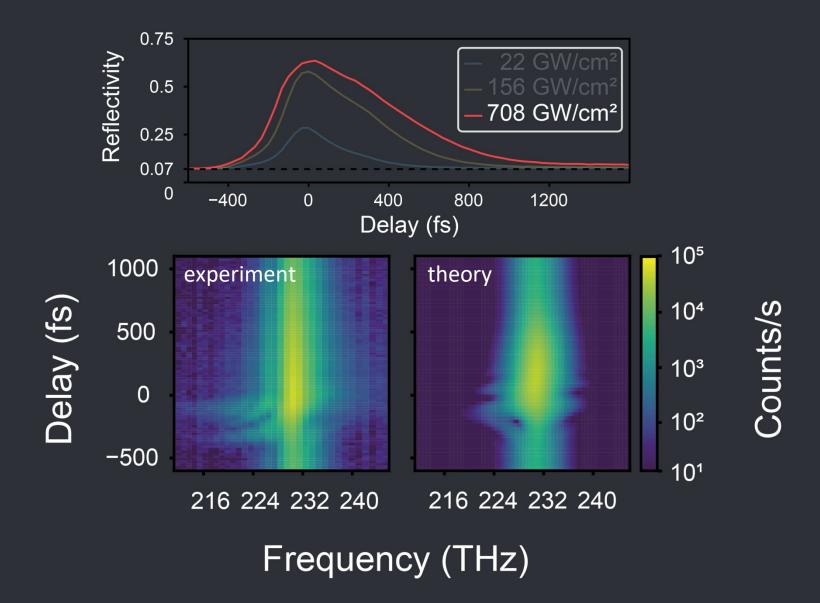


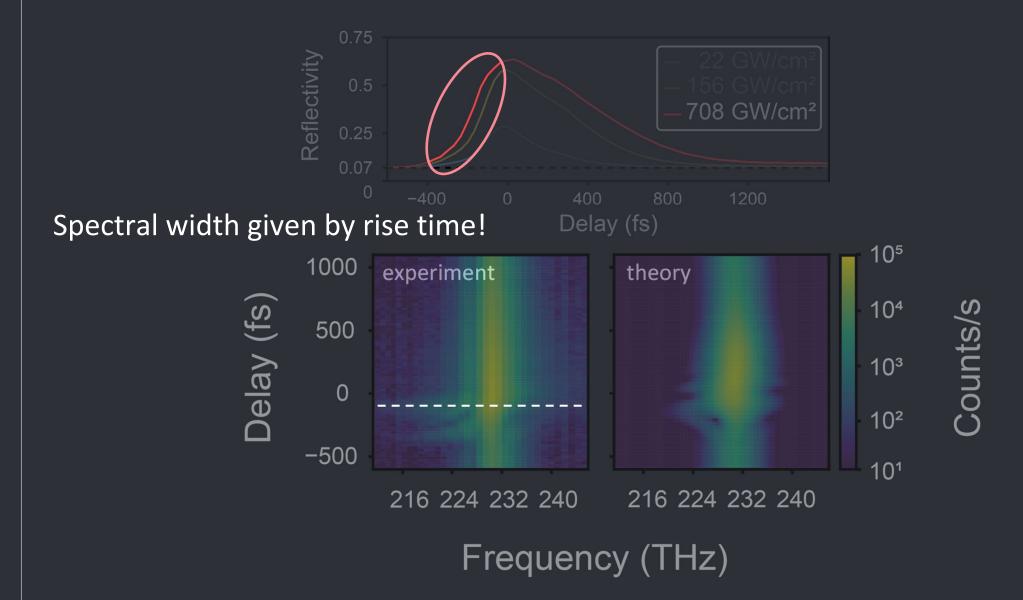
- Rise time? Hidden by probe duration
- Decay time: increases at higher intensities due to electron heat capacity dependence on temperature



Rise time $\leq 110 \text{ fs}$







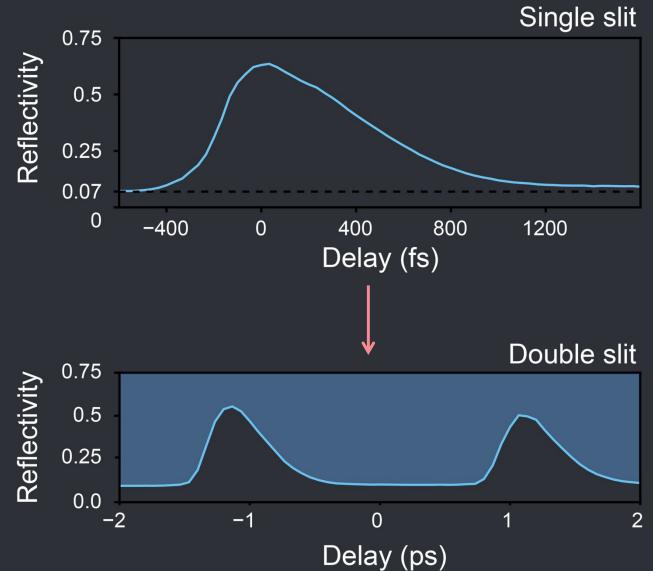


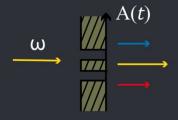
Bohn et al., All-optical switching of an epsilon-near-zero plasmon resonance in indium tin oxide", Nature Communications (2021)

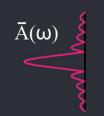


Tirole et al., "Double-slit time diffraction at optical frequencies", Nature Physics (2023)

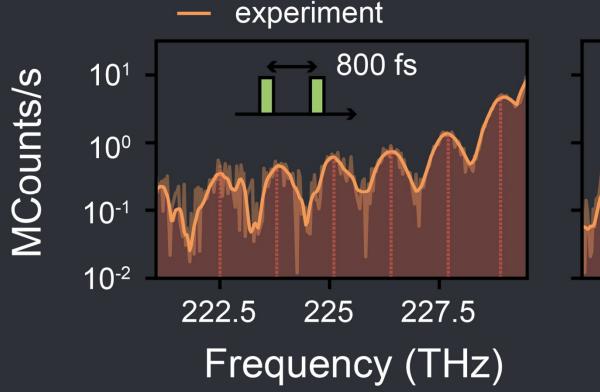


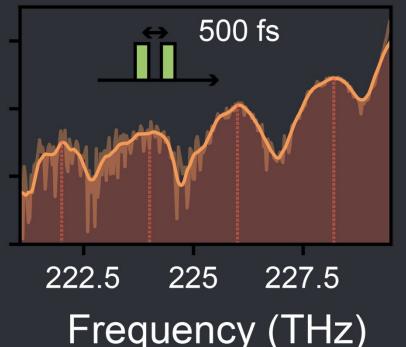




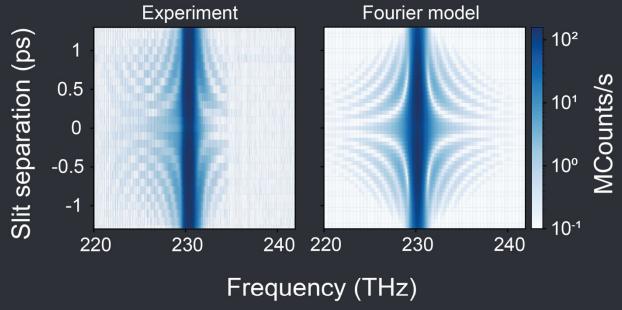


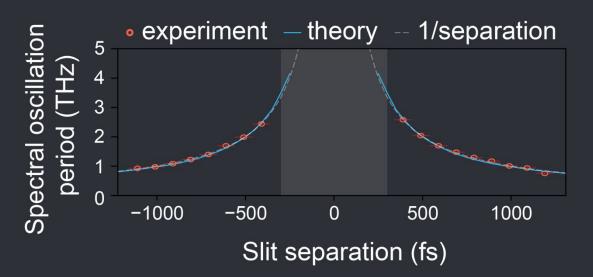
- Proof we have diffraction in time see oscillations! (main peak at 230 THz)
- First time demonstration at optical frequencies



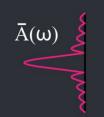




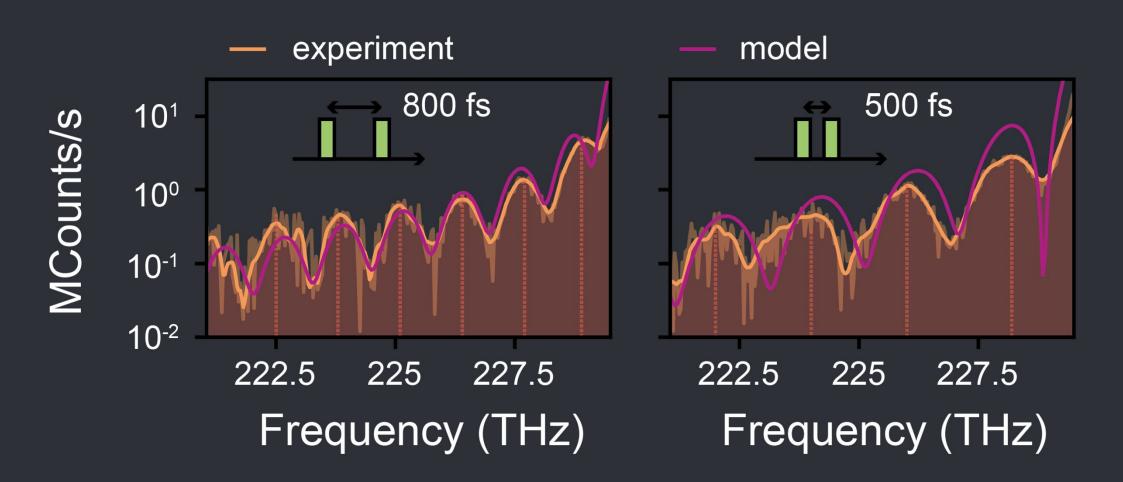








Rise time $1 \sim 10$ fs!



Conclusion and main take-away

- An ENZ time-varying mirror can act as a temporal interface for time diffraction
- Demonstrated single and double slit diffraction from a time-varying mirror





Imperial College London



Thank you for listening!





Stefano Vezzoli Emanuele Galiffi Benjamin Tilmann

Riccardo Sapienza John B. Pendry Stefan A. Maier Paloma A. Huidobro Andrea Alù Jakub Dranczewski
Taran Attavar
Dries Maurice
Iain Robertson
Shu Yang